AGR 6233 - Tropical Grassland Agroecosystems – Fall 2019

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Office Hours: Monday and Wednesday: 1:00 p.m. - 2:30 p.m.

Meeting Times:
Period 8-9 (3:00-4:30) Monday and Wednesday (426 McCarty Hall C)

Course Description:
Importance, ecology, ecosystems services, physiology, management, and utilization of sown grasslands in the tropics and subtropics. Emphasizes interactions between grassland plants and the environment, other plants, and grazing herbivores. Integrates a major effort to describe and compare several prominent production systems or alternative systems.

Course Objectives:
1. To learn the important anatomical, physiological, and morphological characteristics of forage plants and relate these characteristics to forage responses to management and to their performance in production systems.

2. To understand and integrate the important ecological concepts that determine relationships among forage plants, between forage plants and the environment, and between forage plants and the animals that consume them.

3. To recognize the potential and limitations of livestock production on planted and native tropical grasslands.

4. To be aware of the role of forages in integrated food crop-livestock systems in warm climates and to understand how this impacts forage introduction and utilization in these systems.

5. To recognize the environmental impact of tropical forage-livestock systems and to be aware of the potential of good management to minimize negative environmental effects.

6. To delineate the ecosystem services provided by grasslands and their impact on the global environment.

7. To organize a volume of references that describes pertinent tropical plant-animal research.

8. To gain proficiency in synthesis of content from journal articles and literature reviews and in the ability to report this synthesis in written form.
**Instructor's Approach:**

We cover a wide range and significant quantity of material. Most sources of information and assigned readings are review articles or original research papers. I assume significant interest in the subject matter area and willingness to put forth appropriate effort to learn the material. If you have not had an introductory forage course and some training in animal nutrition, you may need to do some extra reading to aid your progress in the course. The material provided on Canvas will aid you in organizing course material.

The course is not an applied management course. Because of the diversity of your interests and eventual work assignments, we will try to develop the important biological concepts, i.e., relationships that are true in, or can be adapted to, a wide range of situations and environments. Applied information will arise in classroom discussions and course handouts. Examples used from the literature will also highlight individual species, but these examples will not provide comprehensive coverage of each important tropical legume or grass.

**Text:**

There is no text. Assigned readings and complete lecture outlines will be provided on Canvas by the instructor.

**Other References of Interest (does not include journals):**


Humphreys, L.R., and F. Riveros. 1986. Tropical pasture seed production. FAO, Rome.


**Course Requirements:**

1. Regular attendance at class meetings.
2. Completion of two exams (7 October and 25 November). Exams will cover material from the lectures and related discussions indicated in the class schedule.
3. Completion of 10 reading briefs.
4. Lead one 30-minute classroom discussion and regularly prepare for and participate in classroom discussions.
5. Complete a term project and present it in written and oral forms.
**Grading:**

There will be a total of 400 possible points. The basis for assigning grades is indicated below. The grading scale may be lowered, but you are guaranteed at least the grade listed if you obtain the appropriate number of points.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Points</th>
<th>Total Points</th>
<th>Grade</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>First exam</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>372-400</td>
<td>A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Second exam</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>364-371</td>
<td>A-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reading briefs</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>356-363</td>
<td>B+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Discussion leadership</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>348-355</td>
<td>B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Discussion participation</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>336-347</td>
<td>B-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Term project</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>320-335</td>
<td>C+</td>
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<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>400</td>
<td>308-319</td>
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<td>292-307</td>
<td>C-</td>
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</table>

**Reading Briefs:**

The purpose of the reading briefs is to provide a framework that encourages greater synthesis of the assigned readings by the students and greater integration of this content into the course by the instructor.

Reading briefs will be due the day the content will be discussed in class. Each student must submit at least 10 reading briefs via Canvas during the semester. Assigned readings will be made available at least one week in advance of the day that they will be discussed in class and when the reading brief will be due. There will be more than 10 assigned readings (> 20), so you need submit only a subset of the possible reading briefs. Briefs will be graded on a scale of 0 to 5 points each. In nearly all cases, your brief will be a response to questions I pose for you to answer based on your reading of the assignment.

Reading brief assignments will be posted on Canvas, and your brief should be submitted using Canvas. In most cases, a one-page response (double spaced text, 12-point font) will suffice. You can choose the readings from which you wish to prepare a brief, so long as by the end of the semester you have submitted at least 10. If you submit more than 10, I will count only the 10 highest scores. Remember that the briefs are due by class meeting time the day of the lecture on that topic.

**Discussion Leadership and Participation:**

During some class periods we will have a designated period for group discussion. Each student must lead one discussion during the semester. The intent is that you choose the content for which you wish to lead the discussion, based on the topic being covered. The discussion will be based on the paper(s) I have assigned for that specific lecture, or alternatively you may choose to
discuss one or more related papers you have found. If you choose a non-assigned paper or papers, they must be made available to the instructor at least one week in advance of the discussion period so that they can be distributed to the other members of the class. Please note that a discussion is not a lecture. The leader is asked to prepare a series of thought-provoking questions or prompts for the group that will direct the discussion and help to draw out the most important points in the paper. The remainder of the class will be expected to respond to your questions with informed discussion based on having read the assigned papers. Thirty points will be awarded based on your leadership of the discussion period, and 20 points will be allocated based on your participation in discussions during the entire semester.

Grassland Agroecosystems Project:

Objective:

To compare a “Control” grassland-livestock system with an alternative system in terms of delivery of ecosystem services and potential environmental impacts in order to develop a rational (and minimally quantitative) assessment of the relative sustainability of the alternative vs. the control system.

General Description:

The class will be divided into four groups, attempting to balance discipline interests as well as level of training. These groups will remain intact throughout the Fall semester and each group will be assigned one alternative production system that will be compared with the Control system. The Control system will be the same for each group.

To ensure that the maximum amount of information is available and that comparisons across systems are relevant, we will all use the same “location”, soil, and amount of land area. An unspecified 100-ha area was chosen in the Florida panhandle because the soil will accommodate all of the proposed systems. Also, it will be easier to access information (data and expertise) for this location than many options throughout the world.

Working together as an entire class and in cooperation with a panel of experts who will join us for one class session, we will practice aspects of our semester assignment by describing the Control grassland-livestock system. This system will be a grass monoculture with “average” inputs (our focus for inputs will be limited to N fertilizer for simplicity). By working through the process of describing this system together, each group will be better prepared to describe their alternative system. Our focus in describing the Control will be addressing the “Key Questions” shown below.

This activity has not been attempted previously, so try to be patient with the inevitable issues (i.e., PROBLEMS) that will arise and clarifications that will be needed as we move along. When we have a meeting with our experts, come prepared to capitalize on their experience and ideas. They can help us with specific information (e.g., average stocking rate on bahiagrass pasture in
north Florida) and in identifying resources where we can acquire additional information needed. It is likely that time limitations or limited access to information will force us to accept some gaps in our system descriptions, but we want to push the limits and take the exercise as far as we can.

**Location and Systems:**

1. Northwest Florida (Florida panhandle)
2. Soil type – Norfolk loamy fine sand (fine-loamy, kaolinitic, thermic Typic Kandiudults)
3. Land area – 100 ha
4. Livestock – beef cow-calf; based on the system, you can decide on the number of cows you can support and the calving season; calves weaned at 6 months and sold; all replacement heifers are purchased off farm (you do not need to account for them in any way in your system); 4 bulls maintained for breeding purposes but we won’t account for them either; i.e., focus on the cow-calf herd
5. Systems (groups will have one system, i.e., System b, c, d, or e below; compare your system with the control)
   a. Control – grass-based; warm-season perennials and cool- or warm-season annuals if you like, you choose the species (no legumes, no row crops, no marketable trees) – maximum of 100 kg N/ha/year on the forages
   b. Intensive – grass-based; warm-season perennials and cool- or warm-season annuals, you choose the grass species (no legumes, no row crops, no marketable trees) – maximum of 300 kg N/ha/year on the forages
   c. Legume – warm- and/or cool-season annual or perennial legumes integrated into the production system; can choose to have areas without legumes if you wish, but you are limited to an average of 50 kg N/ha/year (in this system, you can choose to apply more than 50 units of N to some areas so long as you keep the farm average at 50 or below)
   d. Integrated crop-livestock – forages and row crops of your choosing (any species or mixtures that you want to use that are regionally adapted) with amount of area allocated to each at your discretion; no more than 100 kg N/ha/year on forage component; row crop component receives IFAS recommended amount
   e. Silvopasture – tree species and planting pattern of your choice; don’t need to have trees on every area; forage pasture species and amount of area at your choice; no more than 100 kg N/ha/year on the forage component

**Project Products:**

There will be oral and written presentations of your product. Your job will be to contrast your alternative system and the control system by addressing the key questions indicated below. You can gather information from any resource available (person, published information, extension documents), but be sure to cite your sources.

It is assumed that each member of the team will be involved in all aspects of the project but that individual members will assume more responsibility for elements of the work best aligned with
their interests/expertise and should present that portion in the oral report. Your team grade (40 out of 100 points) is based on the quality of the overall project (oral and written components), the degree of organization and flow of the project, the integration of all team members into the execution of the project and its presentation. The individual grade (60 out of 100 points) will be based on the instructor’s evaluation of each individual’s portion of the project as well as their oral presentation.

**Key Questions to Answer:**

1. Describe your production system
   a. Describe the general climate data for this area, i.e., total annual rainfall, average monthly rainfall, monthly average high and low temperatures, average date of first and last frost.
   b. Describe the characteristics of this soil (texture, drainage, fertility, organic matter)
   c. Area allocated to each species (planting pattern or crop rotation as appropriate)
   d. Timing of operations (when particular species will be planted, growing, fertilized, harvested; calving and breeding seasons for livestock)
   e. Levels of N fertilizer input for each component of the system (to simplify we will not address irrigation, pesticides, other nutrients, etc.)
   f. Number of mature cows on your systems (this will be the presumed number of cow-calf pairs during the period when calves are nursing)

2. Describe the ecosystem services that your system provides (where possible put an economic value on these services, especially the provisioning services; contrast these ecosystem services with those provided by the Control system)
   a. Provisioning (calves sold, crops [hay or row crops; assume an average regional yield and price], trees, etc.)
   b. Regulating - Soil organic C, soil/livestock greenhouse gas emissions, water quality
   c. Supporting - Nutrient cycling in plant litter and excreta, N fixation
   d. Cultural - Wildlife viewing, photography, hunting

3. Identify and quantify to the extent possible any negative environmental consequences associated with your system (do your best to find reasonable estimates of emissions or losses, do not need to express in monetary terms; compare these with the Control system)
   a. Greenhouse gas emissions (methane, nitrous oxide, CO₂)
   b. Soil erosion
   c. Loss of soil OM
   d. Nutrient leaching
   e. Nutrient runoff to surface water
   f. Wildlife habitat
   g. Pollinator habitat
4. If deemed appropriate, the groups should also consider and recommend societal/government incentives/policies that will be needed to make their system practical and economically sustainable.

**Academic Honesty:**

In the process of enrolling and registering for classes at the University of Florida, every student has signed and presumably understands the following statement: "I understand that the University of Florida expects its students to be honest in all their academic work. I agree to adhere to this commitment to academic honesty and understand that my failure to comply with this commitment may result in disciplinary action up to and including expulsion from the University."

**Student Evaluation:**

“Students are expected to provide professional and respectful feedback on the quality of instruction in this course by completing course evaluations online via GatorEvals. Guidance on how to give feedback in a professional and respectful manner is available at https://gatorevals.aa.ufl.edu/students/. Students will be notified when the evaluation period opens, and can complete evaluations through the email they receive from GatorEvals, in their Canvas course menu under GatorEvals, or via https://ufl.bluela.com/ufl/. Summaries of course evaluation results are available to students at https://gatorevals.aa.ufl.edu/public-results/.”

**Use of Library, Personal References, PC Programs, and Electronic Data Bases:**

These items are university property and should be utilized with other users in mind. Never remove, mark, modify nor deface resources that do not belong to you. If you are in the habit of underlining text, do it only on your personal copy. It is inconsiderate, costly to others, and dishonest to use common references otherwise.

**Software Use:**

All faculty, staff and students of the University are required and expected to obey the laws and legal agreements governing software use. Failure to do so can lead to monetary damages and/or criminal penalties for the individual violator. Because such violations are also against University policies and rules, disciplinary action will be taken as appropriate.

*We, the members of the University of Florida community, pledge to hold ourselves and our peers to the highest standards of honesty and integrity.*

**UF Counseling Services:**

I hope to establish a class relationship and encourage dialogue so that students feel comfortable discussing academic problems directly with me. In addition, resources are available on campus
for students having personal problems or lacking clear career and academic goals, and whose academic performance is suffering as a result. These resources include:

1. University Counseling Center, 301 Peabody Hall, 392-1575 (personal and career counseling);

2. Student Mental Health, Student Health Care Center, 392-1171 (personal counseling);

3. Sexual Assault Recovery Services (SARS), Student Health Care Center, 392-1161 (sexual assault counseling); and

4. Career Resource Center, Reitz Union, 392-1601 (career development assistance and counseling)

**Students With Disabilities:**

Students requesting classroom accommodation must first register with the Dean of Students Office. The Dean of Students Office will provide documentation to the student who must then provide this documentation to the course instructor when requesting accommodation."
# AGR 6233 - Tropical Grassland Agroecosystems

## Class Schedule – Fall 2019

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Month</th>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Topic</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>August</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>Discussion - The future of grassland agroecosystems: What do we need and can it be achieved? Topics include multi-functionality, resilience, and appropriate landscape design.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
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<td>Course introduction; Overview of Lectures 1-4 (highlighting of most important points; read through outside of class)</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Lecture 1 - Description of warm-climate environments</td>
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<td>Lecture 2 - Centers of origin of tropical forages, plant introduction, and evaluation</td>
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<td>Lecture 3 – The importance of tropical grasslands</td>
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<td>Lecture 4 - Factors limiting livestock production in warm-climate grasslands</td>
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<td>26</td>
<td>Discussion - Is intensification the answer, and if so, what does it look like? Topics include sustainable intensification, species-rich grasslands, integrated crop-livestock systems, and silvopasture.</td>
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<td>Lecture 5 - The case for integration of crop and livestock production</td>
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<td>28</td>
<td>Discussion – Approaches and challenges for integrating crop and livestock production going forward</td>
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<td>Lecture 6 – Examples of integrated food-crop and forage-livestock systems in warm climates (limited in-class time; read over outside of class)</td>
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<td>Lecture 7 – Nitrogen and forage quality contributions of legumes to grass-based forage systems in warm climates</td>
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<tr>
<td>September</td>
<td>02</td>
<td><strong>LABOR DAY HOLIDAY – NO CLASS</strong></td>
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<td>04</td>
<td><strong>DORIAN HOLIDAY – NO CLASS</strong></td>
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<td>06</td>
<td>Lecture 7 – Nitrogen and forage quality contributions of legumes to grass-based forage systems in warm climates</td>
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<td>Lecture 9 - Leaf anatomy of grasses</td>
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<td></td>
<td>09</td>
<td>Lecture 8 – Silvopastoral systems (Dr. Jose Dubeux)</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
11 Lecture 9 - Leaf anatomy of grasses
Lecture 10 - Carbon fixation pathways

16 Lecture 11 - Nitrogen fixation
Lecture 12 – Characteristics of tropical soils and plant responses to fertilization

18 Lecture 12 – Characteristics of tropical soils and plant responses to fertilization (cont.)
Lecture 13 - Nutrient competition and allelopathy among forage plants
Discussion – Allelopathy (Jack)

23 Discussion - Excreta deposition and nutrient cycling (Kacey)
Lecture 14 – Excreta deposition and nutrient cycling
Lecture 15 – Forage plant interactions with mycorrhizae

25 Lecture 16 - Moisture effects on forage plant growth and development
Lecture 17 - Temperature effects on forage plant growth and development

30 Meeting with Panel of Experts (3-4 p.m.)
Lecture 18 - Light effects on growth, morphology, development, and seed production

October 02 Discussion: Light and shade (Hannah)
Lecture 19 – Effects of shade on forage plants

07 Exam 1 – Lectures 1-19

09 Discussion – Merits of fire as a grassland management tool (Ben)
Lecture 20 – Role of fire in grasslands
Lecture 21 - Climate change and grassland ecosystems

14 Discussion – Amelioration of greenhouse gases (Jaime)
Discussion - Wildlife habitat and pollinators (Sarah)
Discussion - Soil carbon (Sollenberger)
Lecture 22 - Ecosystem services of grasslands

16 Discussion – Pasture establishment (Shailaja)
Lecture 23 - Pasture establishment
Discussion - Animal effects on pastures: Defoliation, selection, and treading (Federico)
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Lecture Topic</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>Lecture 24 - Animal effects on pastures: Defoliation, selection, and treading</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Discussion - Plant-animal interactions and factors affecting intake (Carol)</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Lecture 25 - Plant-animal interactions and factors affecting intake</td>
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<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>Lecture 25 - Plant-animal interactions and factors affecting intake (cont.)</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Discussion – Factors affecting forage quality (Juan)</td>
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<td>Lecture 26 - Forage quality: Definition and factors affecting forage quality</td>
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<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>Discussion - Laboratory measures to predict forage quality (Celso)</td>
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<td>Lecture 27 - Forage quality: Laboratory measures to predict forage quality</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Lecture 28 - Cell wall structure, composition, function, and role in forage utilization</td>
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<td>30</td>
<td>Lecture 29 - Forage antiquality factors (Flavia)</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Discussion - Antiquality factors (tannins, lignin, alkaloids)</td>
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<tr>
<td>November 04</td>
<td>Discussion - Grazing systems and grazing management (Felipe)</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Lecture 30 - Grazing systems and grazing management</td>
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<tr>
<td>06</td>
<td>Discussion - Grazing intensity and frequency (Gabriel)</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Lecture 31 - Grazing intensity and frequency</td>
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<td>11</td>
<td>Veteran's Day Holiday – NO CLASS</td>
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<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>ASA/CSSA/SSSA Meeting – NO CLASS</td>
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<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>Lecture 31 - Grazing intensity and frequency (cont.)</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Discussion – Mixed herbivore species grazing (Liz)</td>
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<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>Discussion - Hay production from C₄ Grasses (Luana)</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Lecture 32 - Hay and silage production from C₄ Grasses</td>
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<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>Makeup of class missed on 13th - Discussion – Silage production from C₄ grasses (Cole)</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Lecture 32 - Hay and silage production from C₄ grasses (cont.)</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Lecture 33 - Supplementation of forage diets and use of forage banks</td>
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<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>Exam 2 (Lectures 20-33)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Date</td>
<td>Event</td>
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<tr>
<td>December 02</td>
<td>Oral presentations of term projects (depending on number of teams may need to extend class this day; if class prefers we can move this class to later in the week so as not to interfere as directly with your activities during the Thanksgiving holiday)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>04</td>
<td>Oral presentations of term projects</td>
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